

Methodological topics Data-science specifics (part 1)



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30th October 2019

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- Summary of gold rules
 - Search for sources (research articles), organize them by dedicated tools

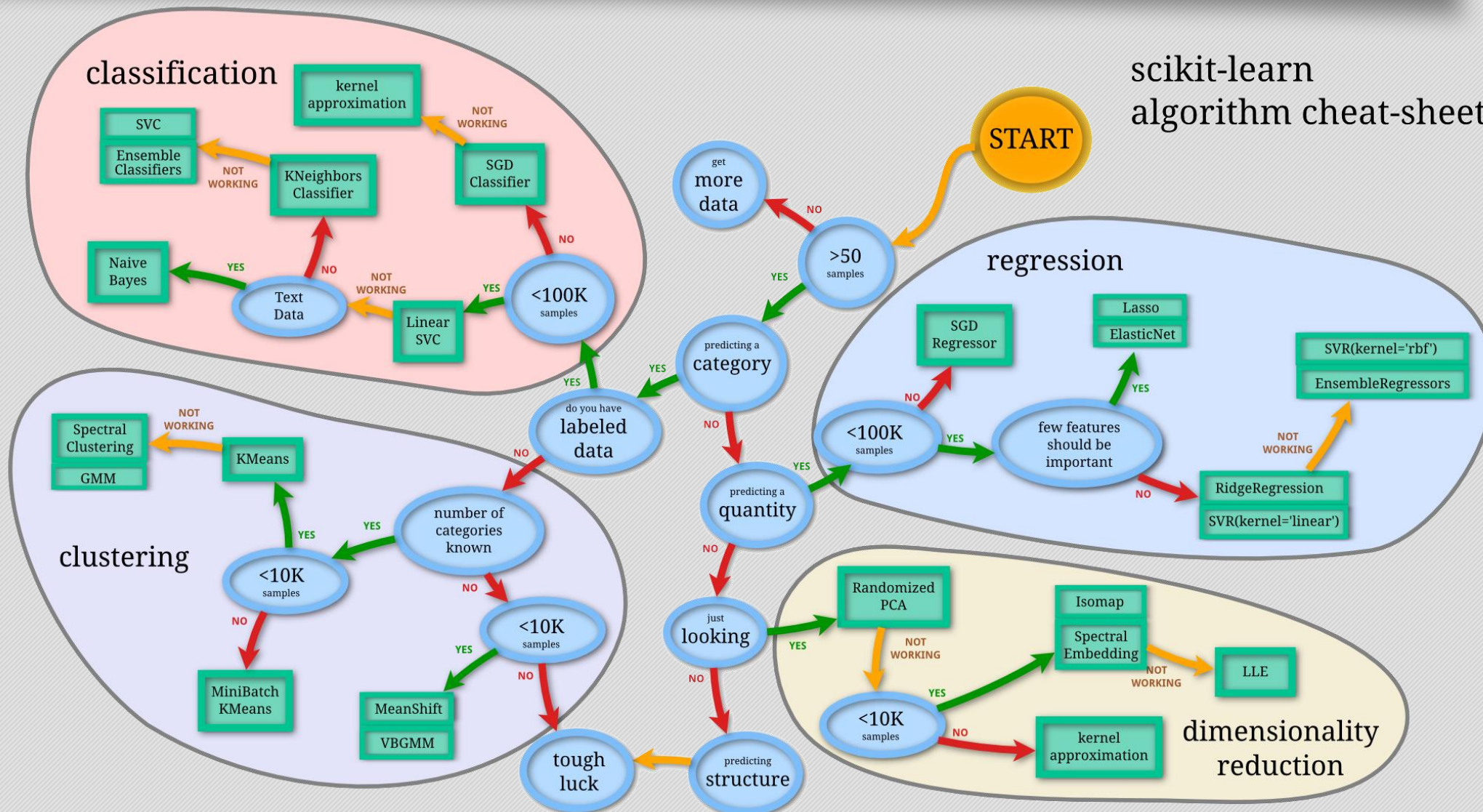
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 - Analyze the existing solutions, write notes, compare them
 - Select few most related articles, describe them in very details
 - Pay a strong attention to summary/discussion at the end of analyses' section

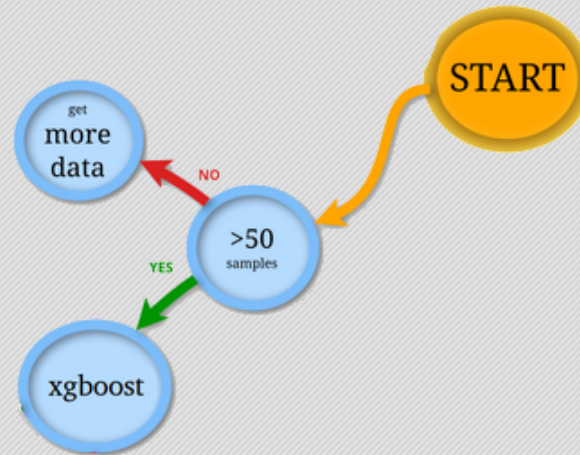
Scikit-learn algorithm cheat-sheet

scikit-learn algorithm cheat-sheet



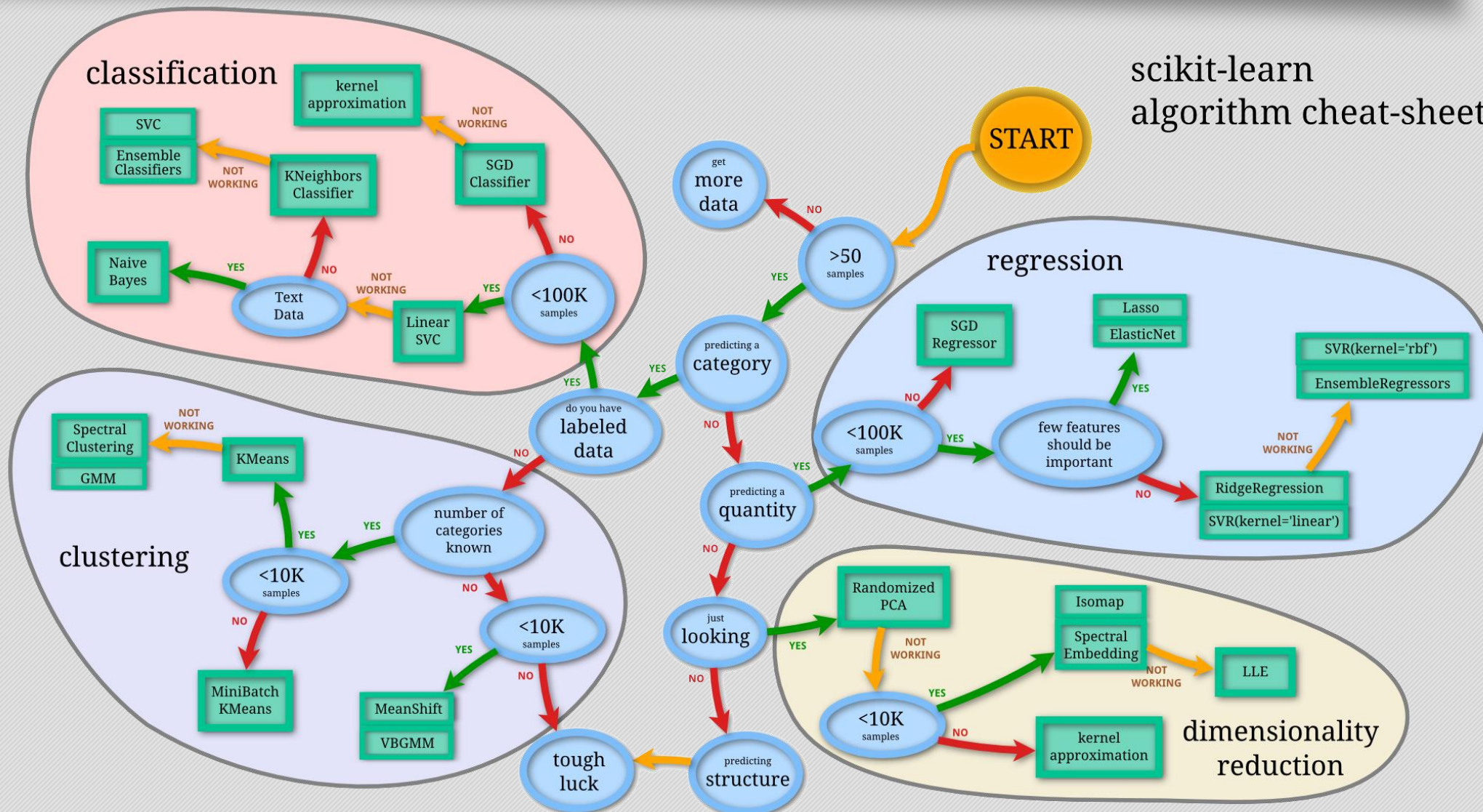
Scikit-learn algorithm cheat-sheet - simplified

scikit-learn
algorithm cheat-sheet

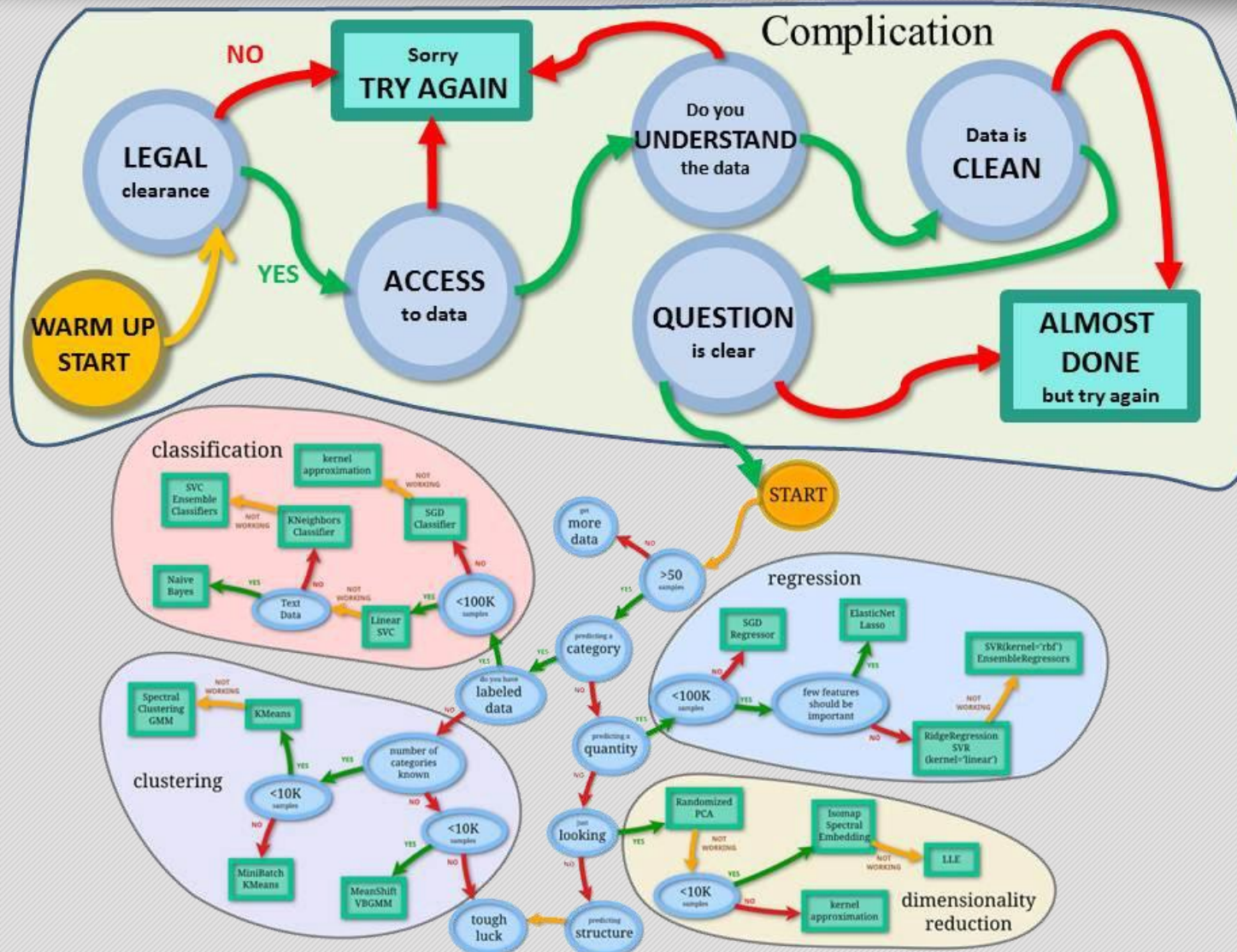


Scikit-learn algorithm cheat-sheet

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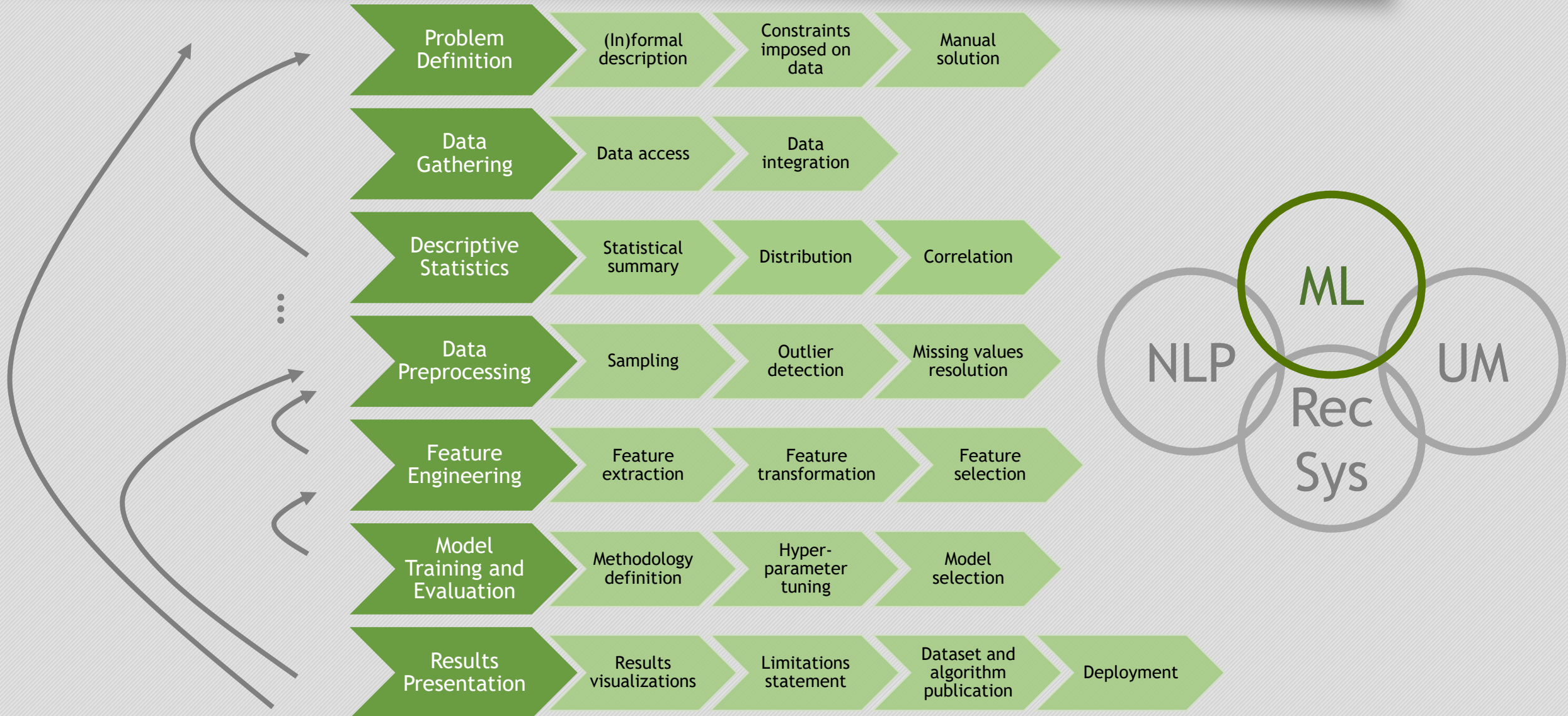
Scikit-learn algorithm cheat-sheet - extended



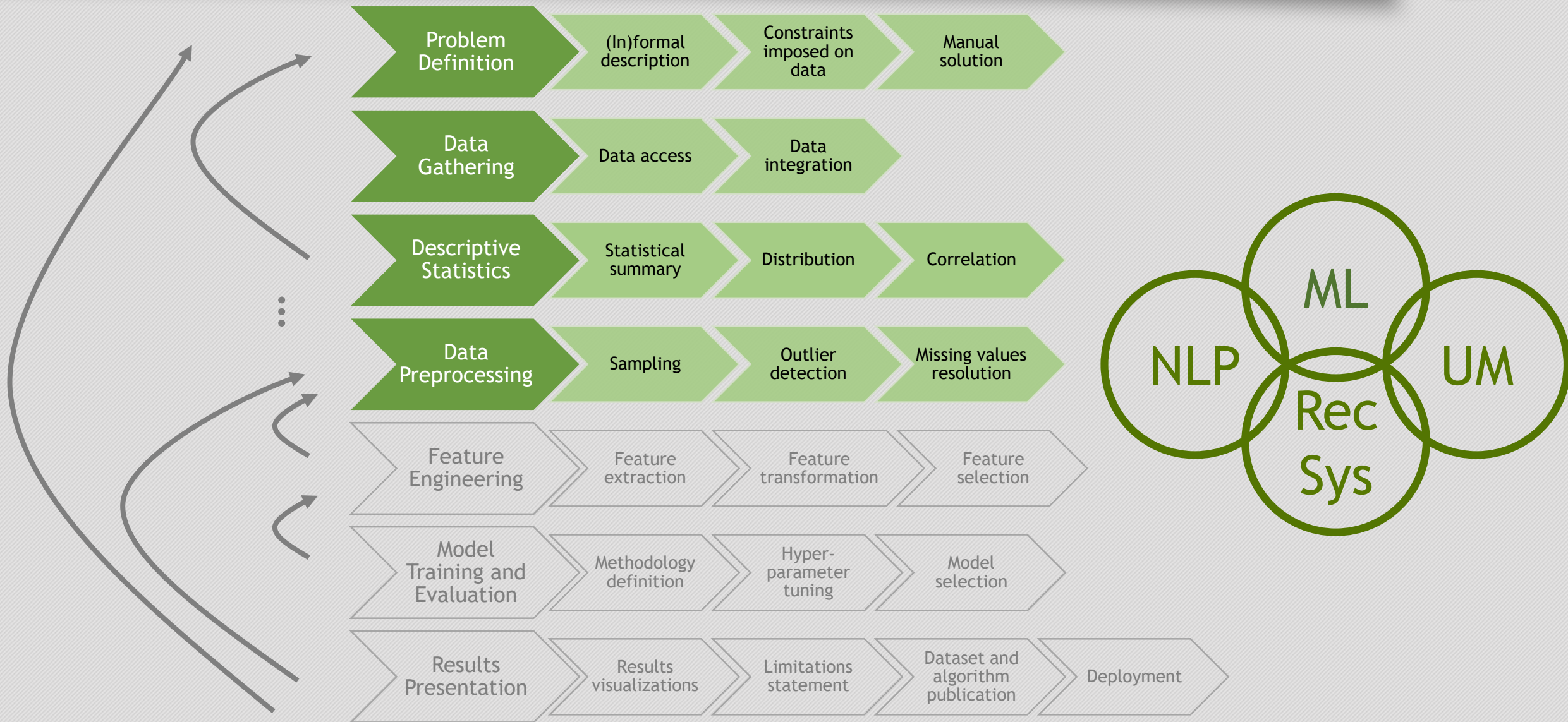
- ... you need to answer before starting work on solution proposal and implementation:
 - How to define data-science (machine learning, ...) task?
 - How to select/create appropriate dataset?
 - How to describe your dataset?
 - How to preprocess your dataset?
 - ...

ML Workflow: Overview

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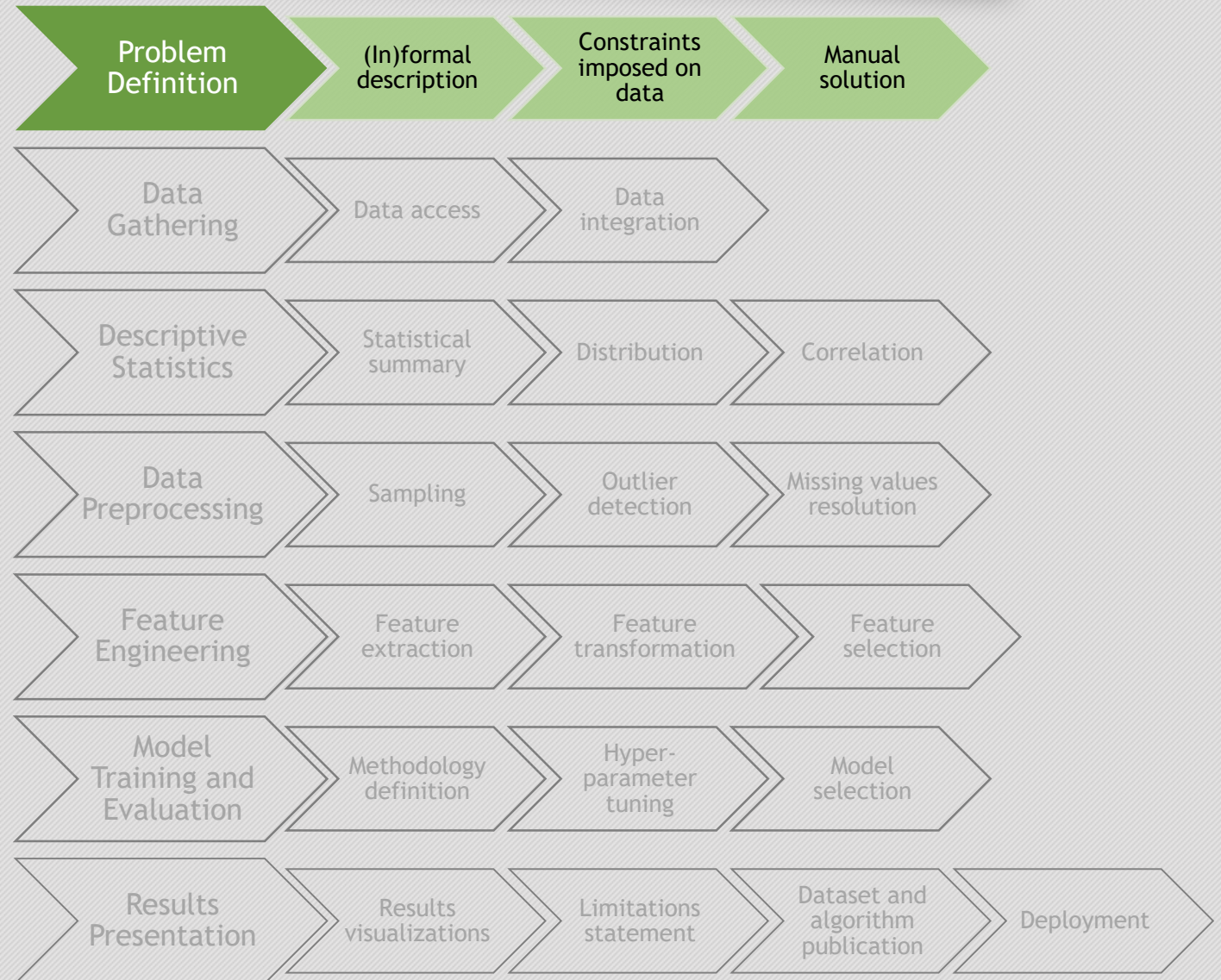


ML Workflow: Generic part



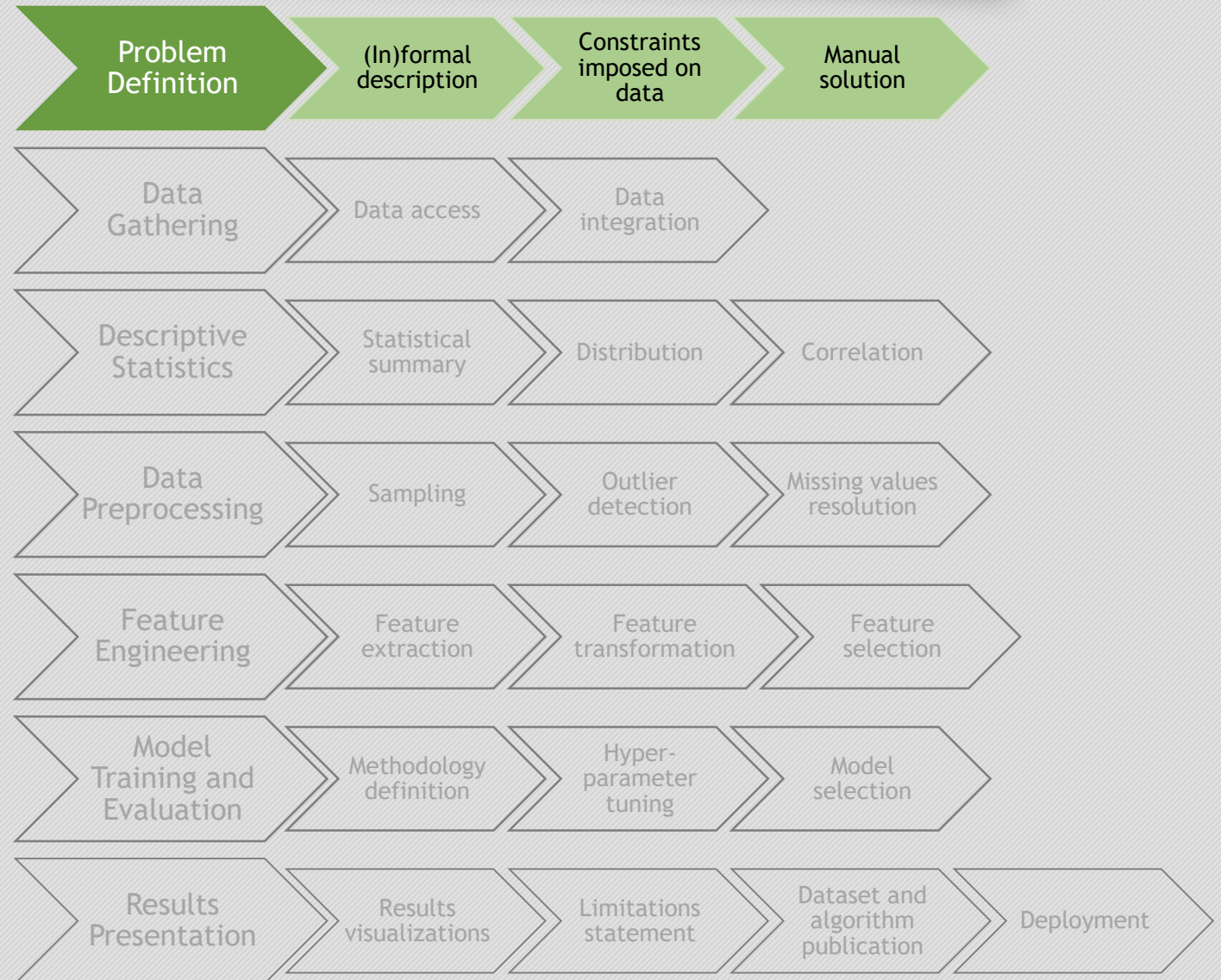
Step 1: Problem Definition

- Clearly identify your problem you are trying to solve
 - Informal description
 - As you would explain it to your friends
 - Refer back to motivation stated in analyses' summary/discussion
 - Formal description
 - As a research question
 - As a hypothesis
 - As a machine learning task



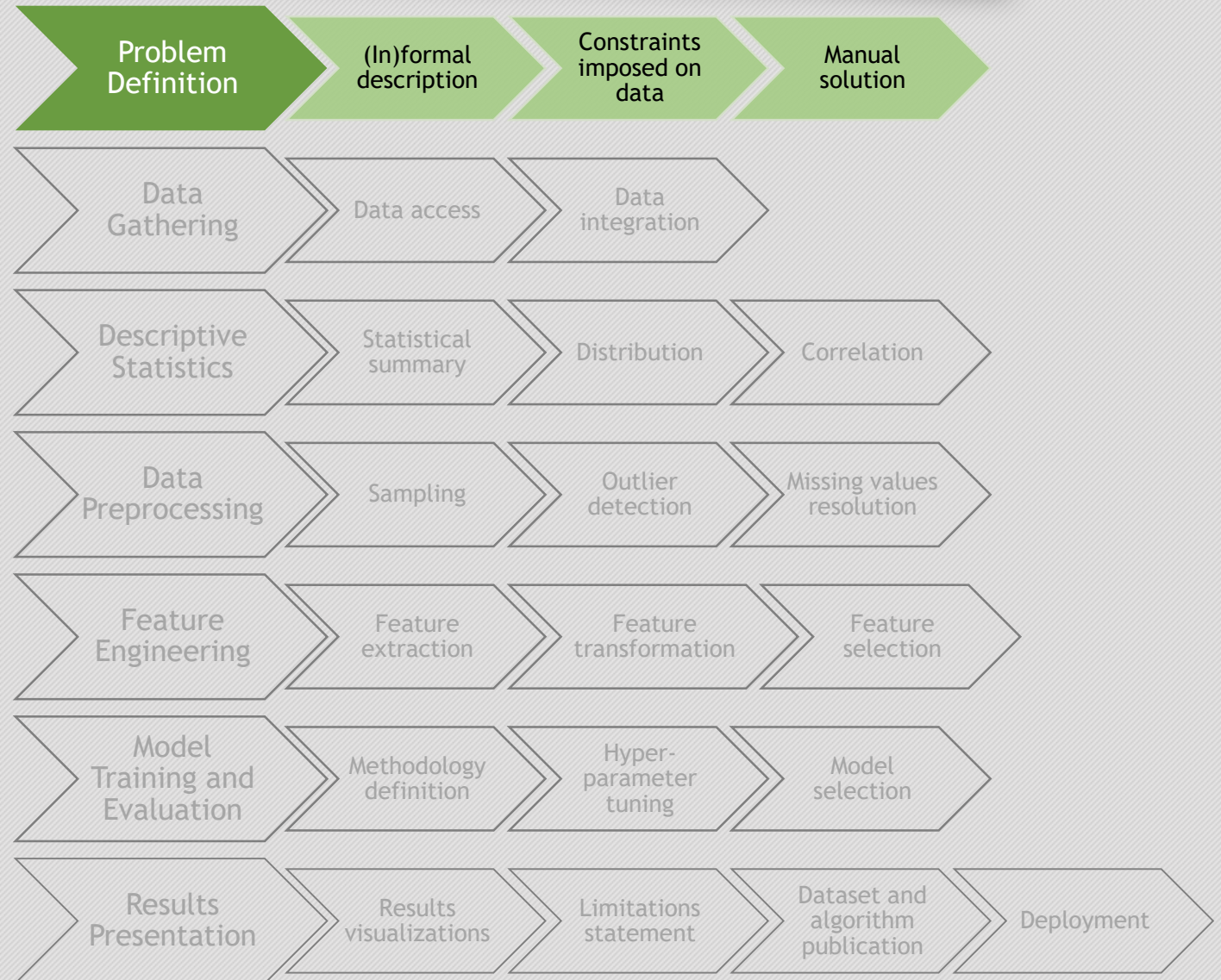
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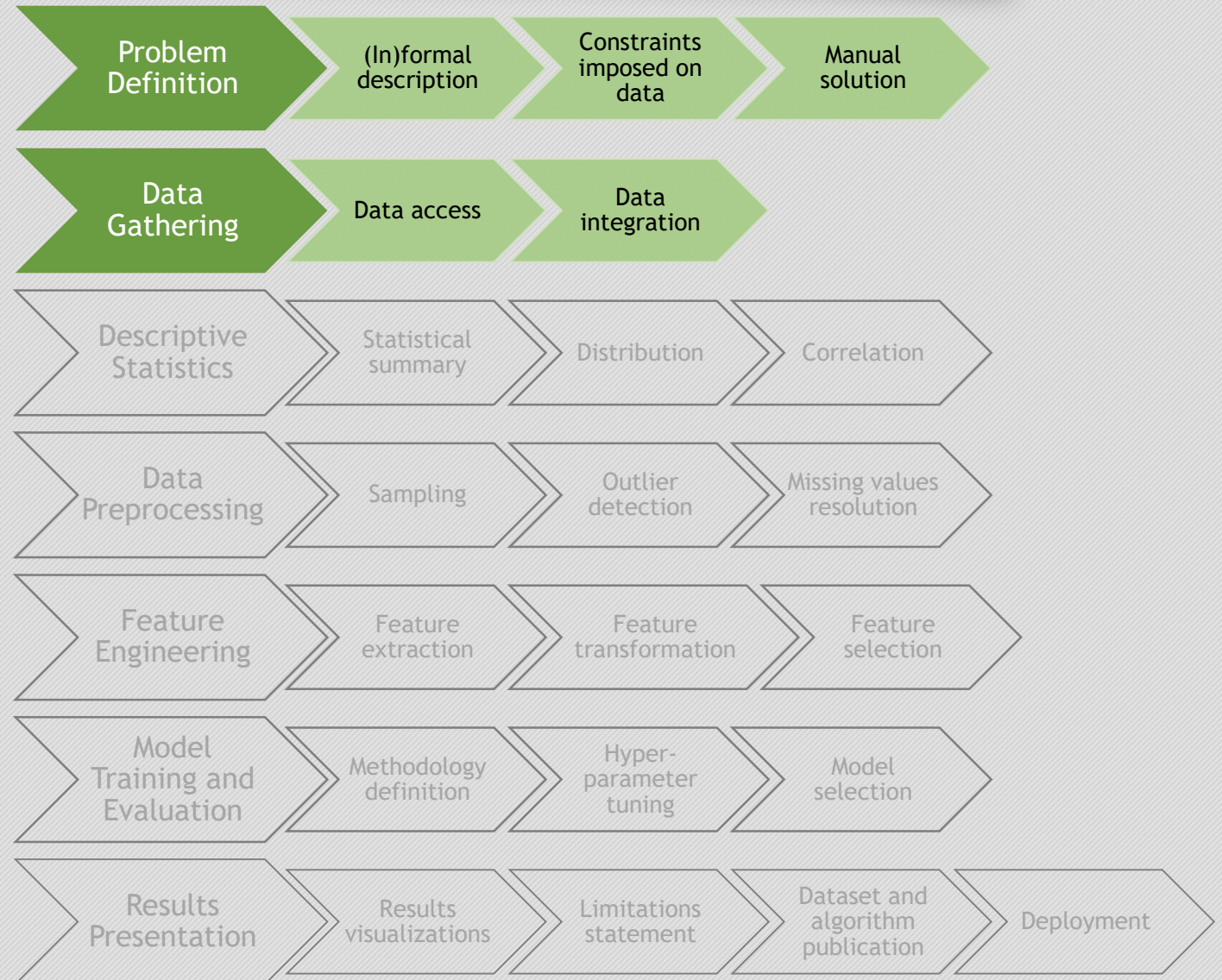
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 - Formal description
 - As a research question
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 - As a machine learning task
- Identify constraints imposed on required dataset
- Explore possible manual solutions
 - If they do not exist, it is not a problem any more (in many cases)



Step 2: Data Gathering

- Data access

- Prepared datasets, crawling, API
- Legal issues



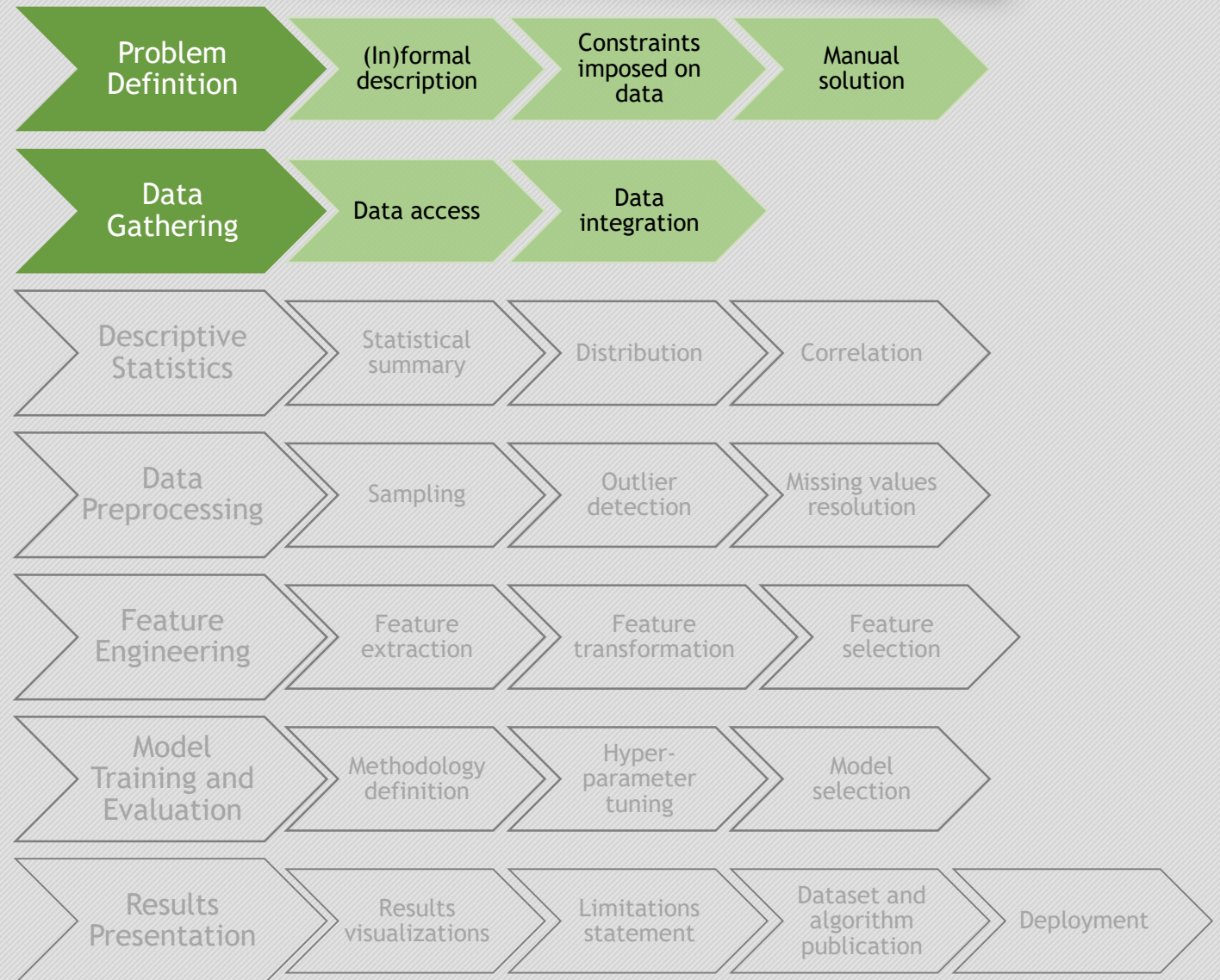
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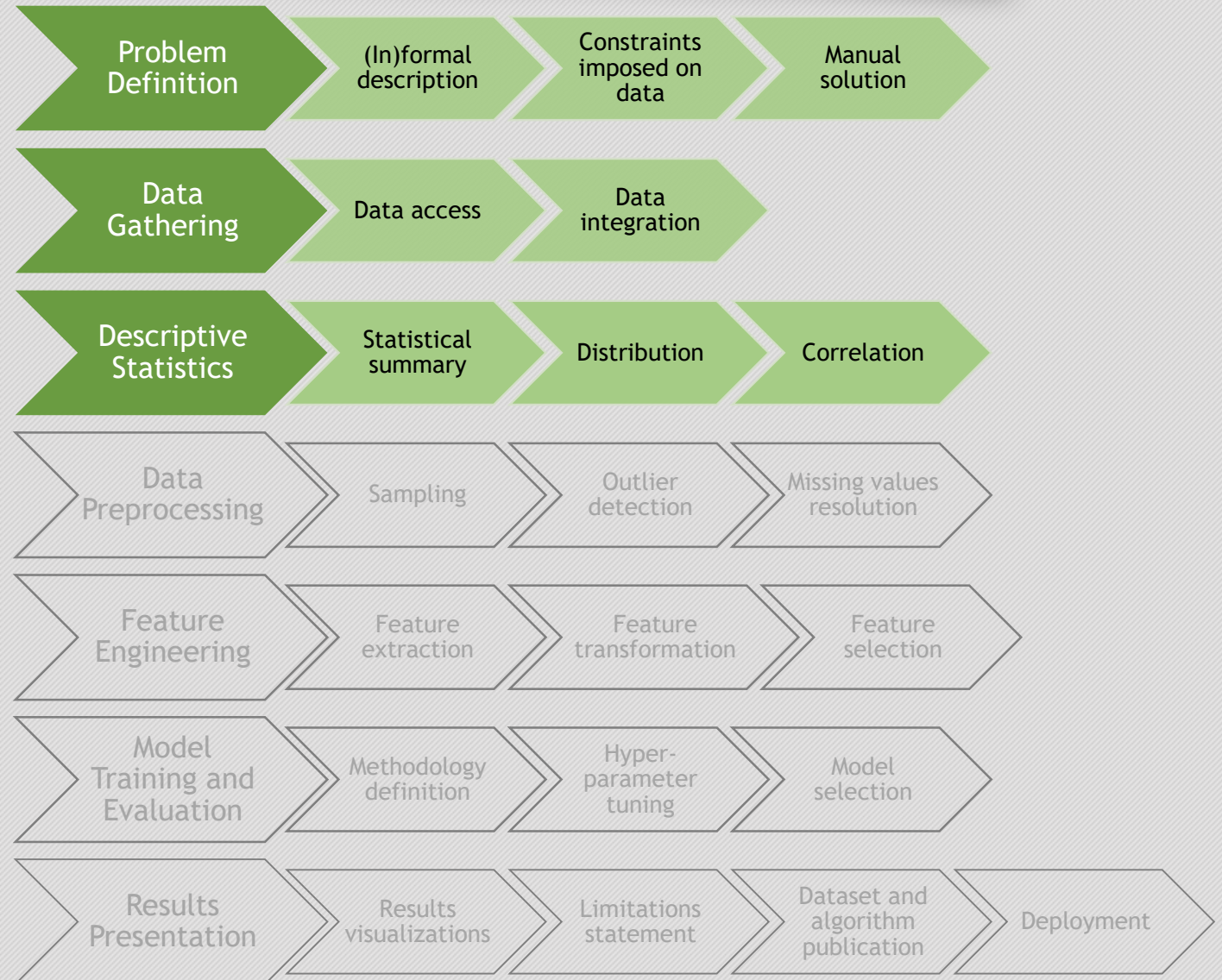
- Data integration

- Some ML task can be solved only when you integrate data from several sources
 - Different sources = different structure and format
- Data consolidation
 - Entity mapping
 - User IDs (email, DB ID, cookie, username, ...)
 - Item IDs (code, name, ...)



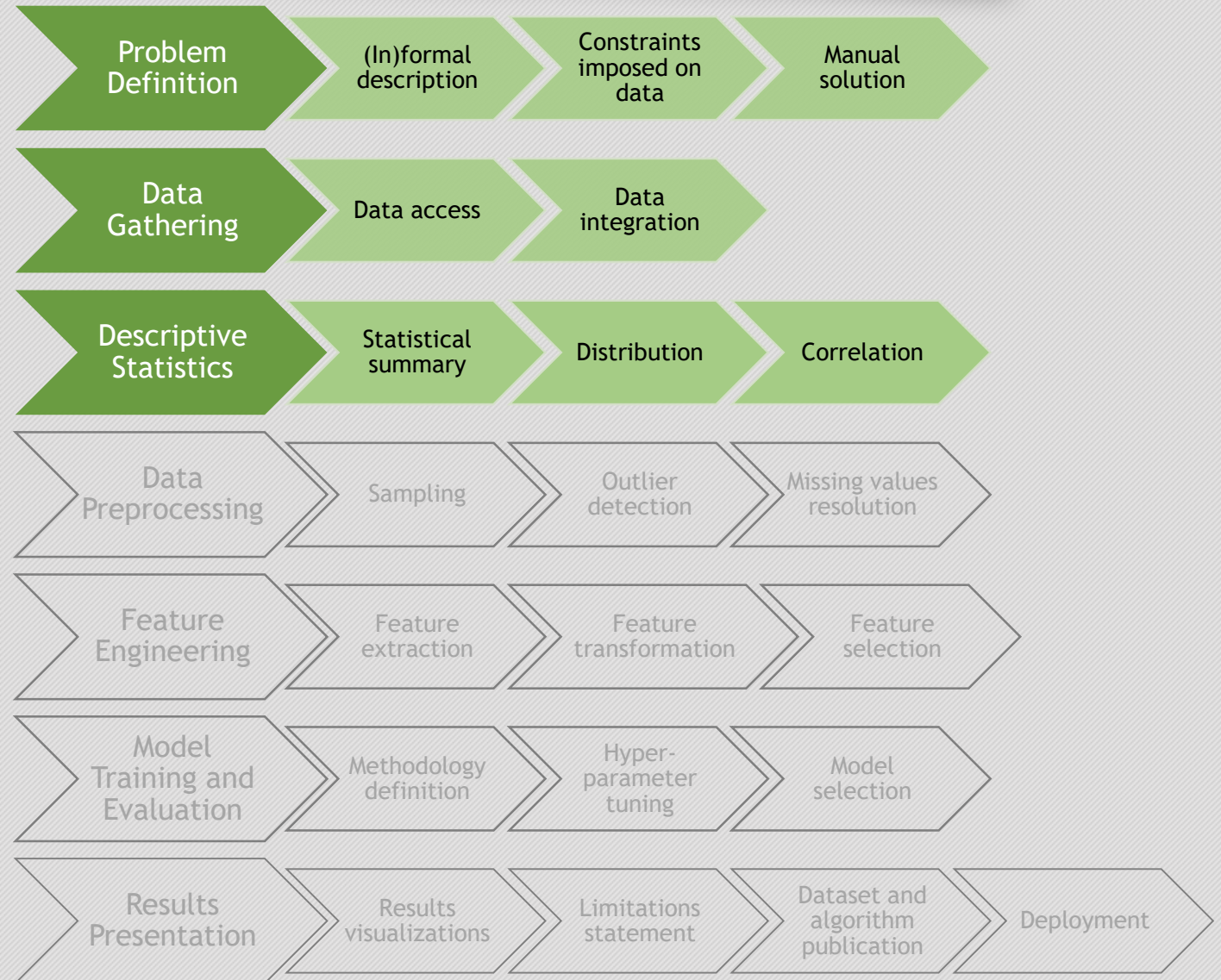
Step 3: Descriptive Statistics

- Known your data!
 - Otherwise, you are just guessing...



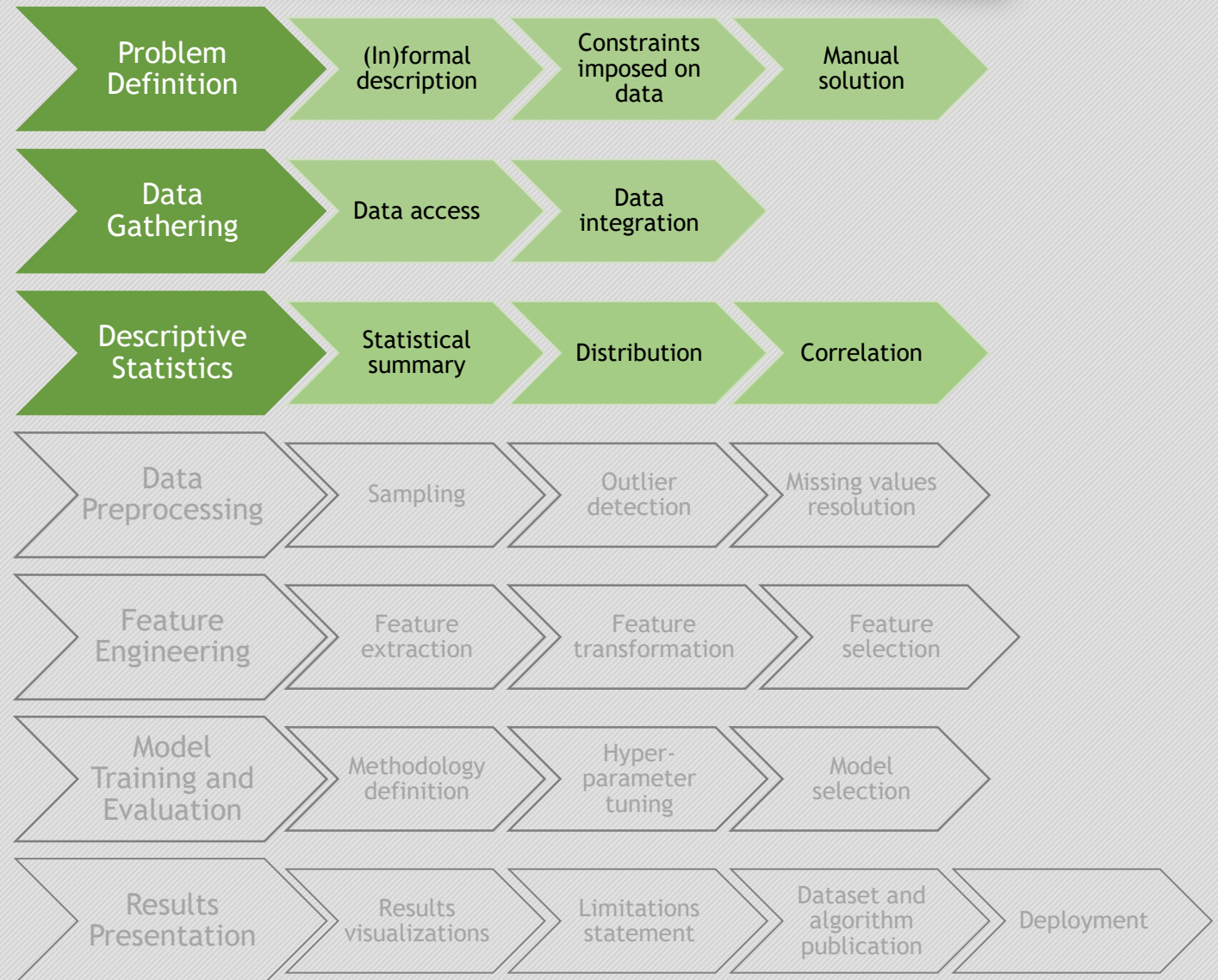
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 - Volume of data (attributes, instances)
 - Data types
 - Distribution of data
 - Relations in data
- Visualize data
 - Histograms, boxplots, scatterplots



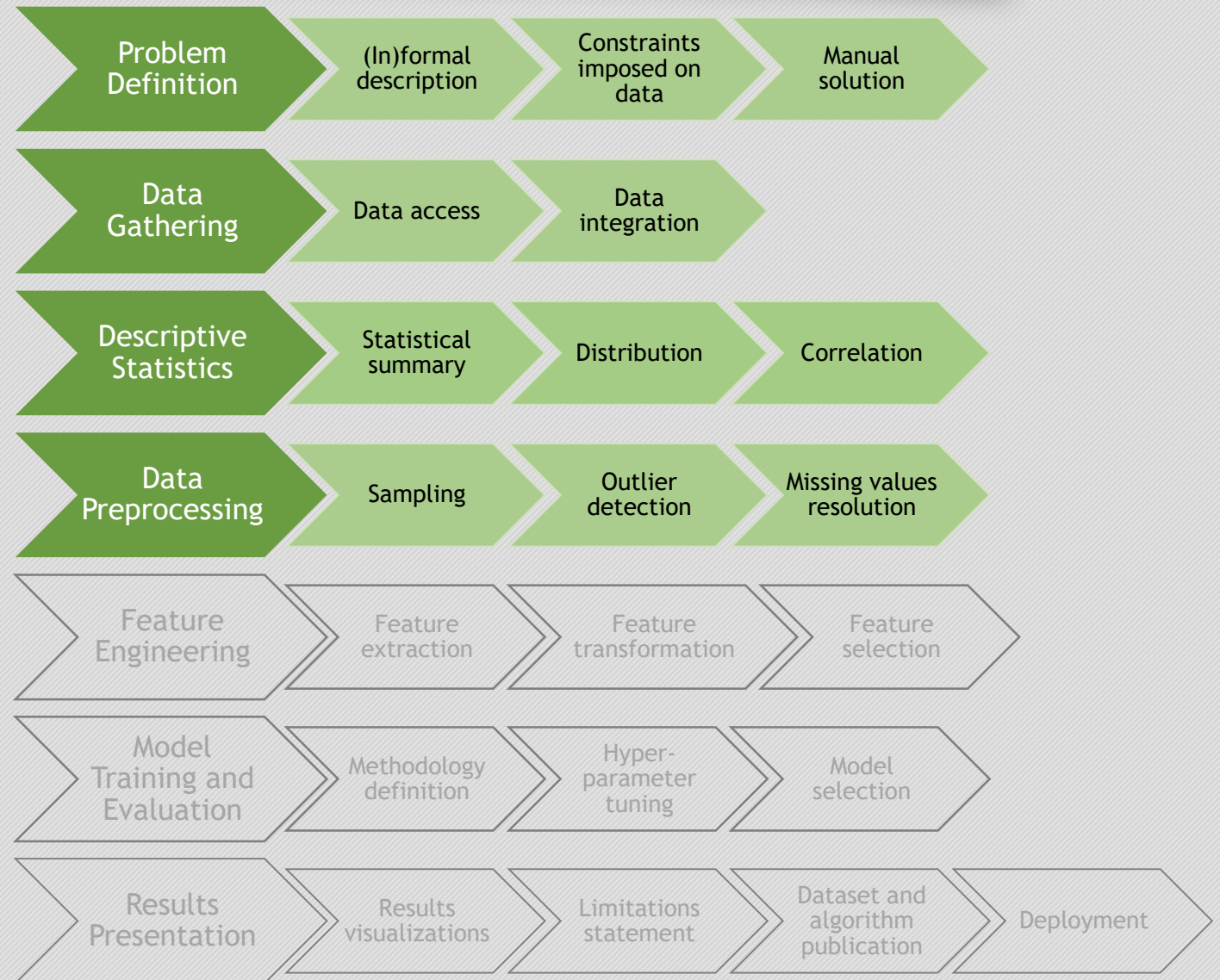
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- Result of descriptive statistics is an **important** input to all consequent steps



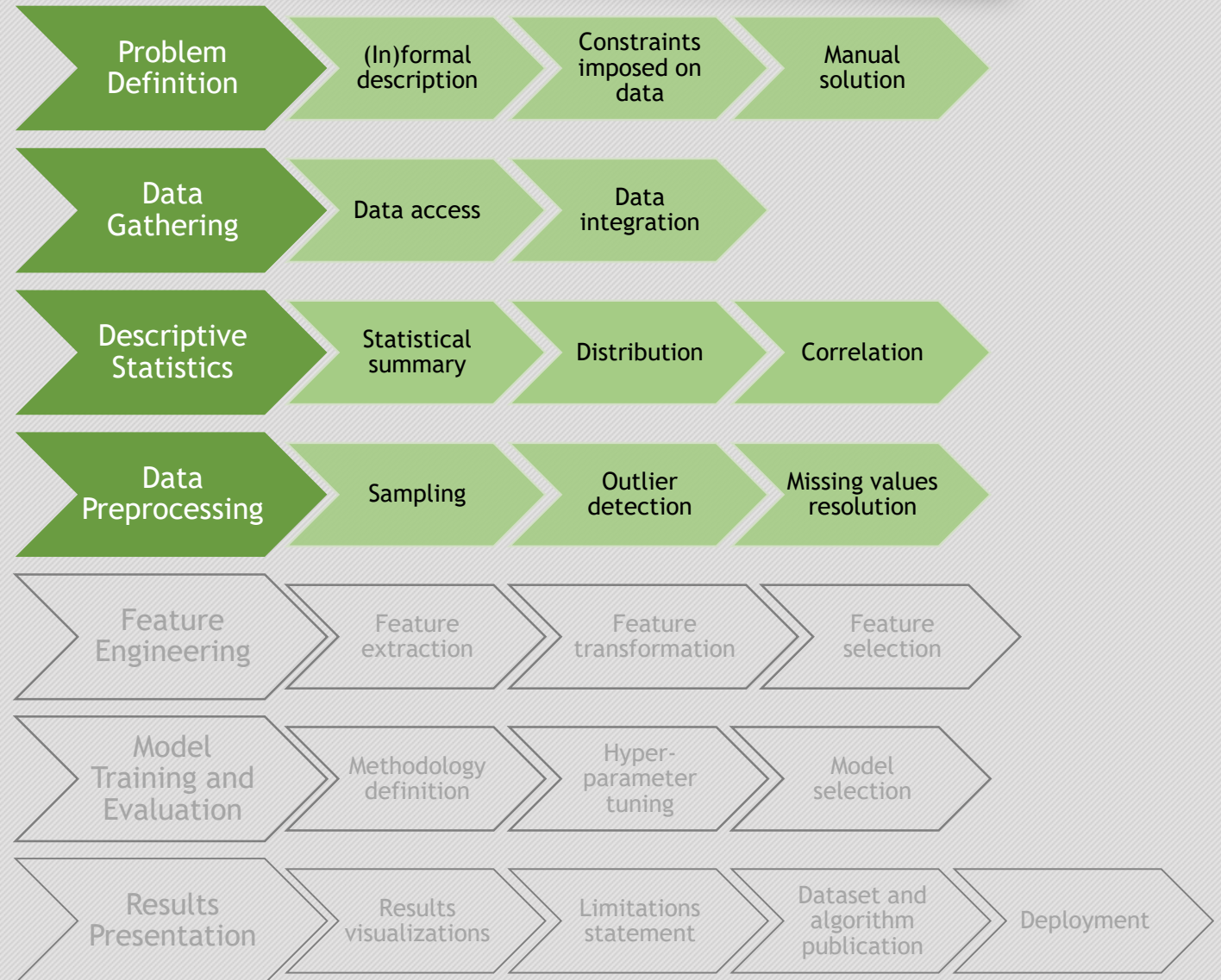
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- Have large data? Do sampling!
 - Less data result in shorter training times
 - You can still finally run the model on larger portion of data

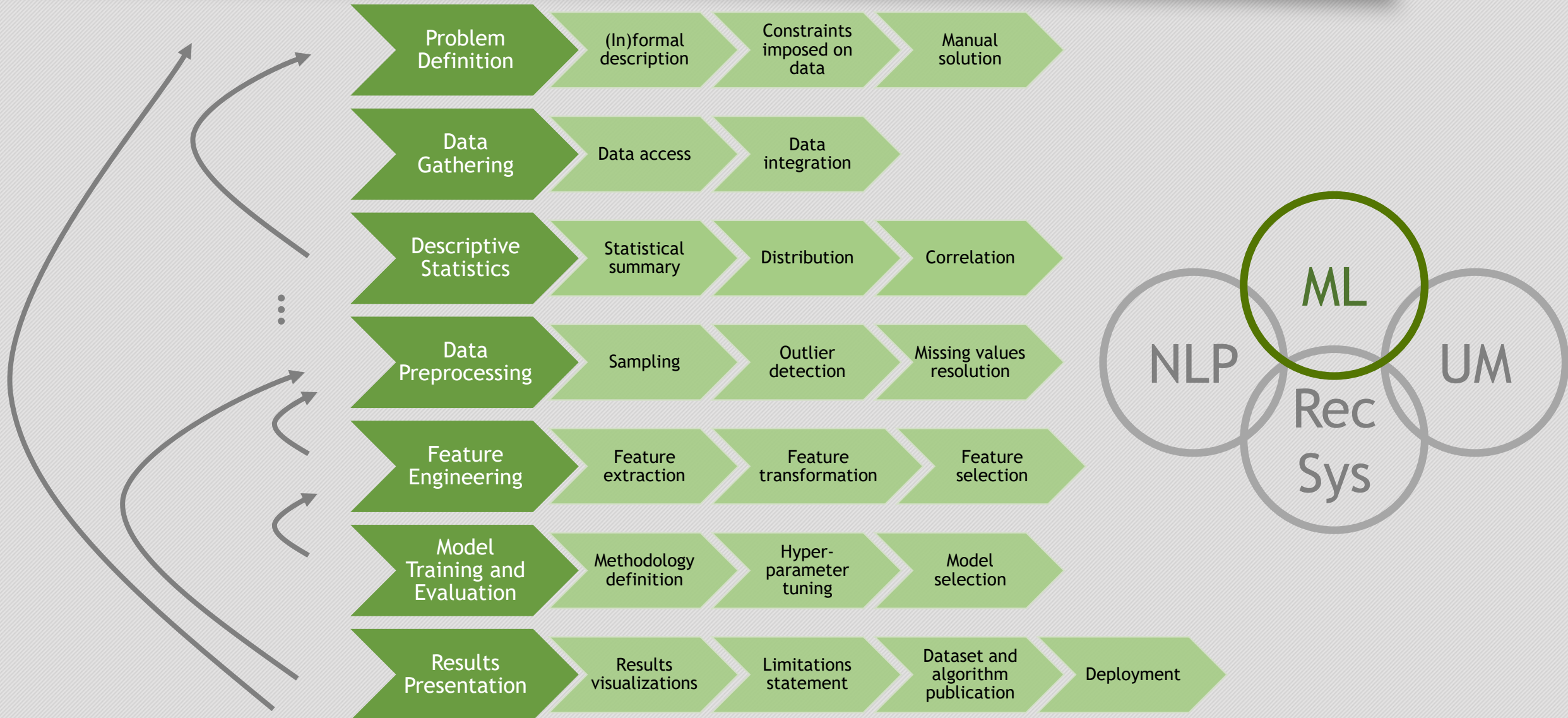


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 - You can still finally run the model on larger portion of data
- Machine learning requires well-prepared data
 - Detect outliers
 - Replace missing values



ML Workflow: Overview



- <https://machinelearningmastery.com/4-steps-to-get-started-in-machine-learning/>