Michael D. Ekstrand, Daniel Kluver, F. Maxwell Harper, and Joseph A. Konstan

## Letting Users Choose Recommender Algorithms: An Experimental Study

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## HOW TO IMPROVE RECOMMENDER

# Adjust recommender based on user feedback (implicit or explicit).

# Make multiple recommenders that can satisfy more users.

## HOW TO IMPROVE RECOMMENDER #2

# Make multiple recommenders that can satisfy more users.

### BUT

## Will you combine them? Or choose the best? <u>How?</u>

# **MULTIPLE RECOMMENDERS**

#### Use hybrid recommender weighted, meta-level, ... [Burke, 2002]

or

involve users in the process of selecting their recommender

# **MULTIPLE RECOMMENDERS**

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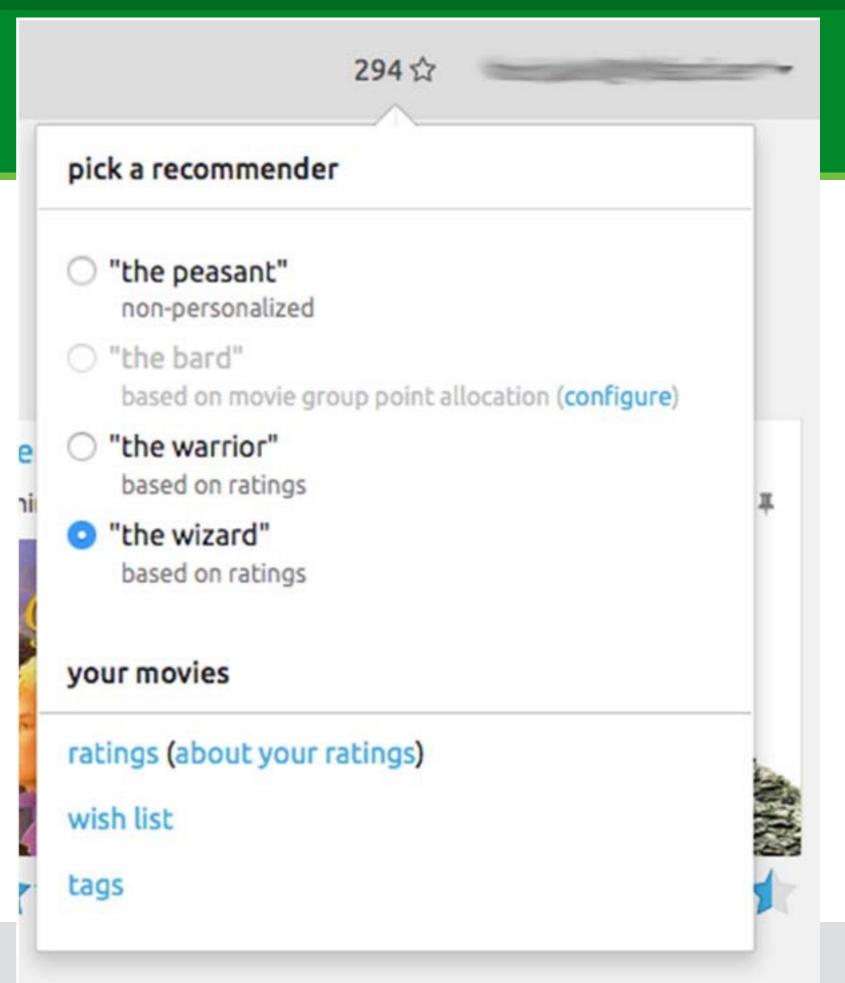
#### or

# involve users in the process of selecting their recommender

# EXPERIMENT

Users were randomly assigned to one of the recommenders.

Then they have an ability to switch to **another** recommender.



# **AVAILABLE RECOMMENDERS**

**Baseline** - user-item mean (non-personalized)

**Pick Groups** - item-item collaborative filter that uses synthetic item ratings derived from the user's choice of different movie groups

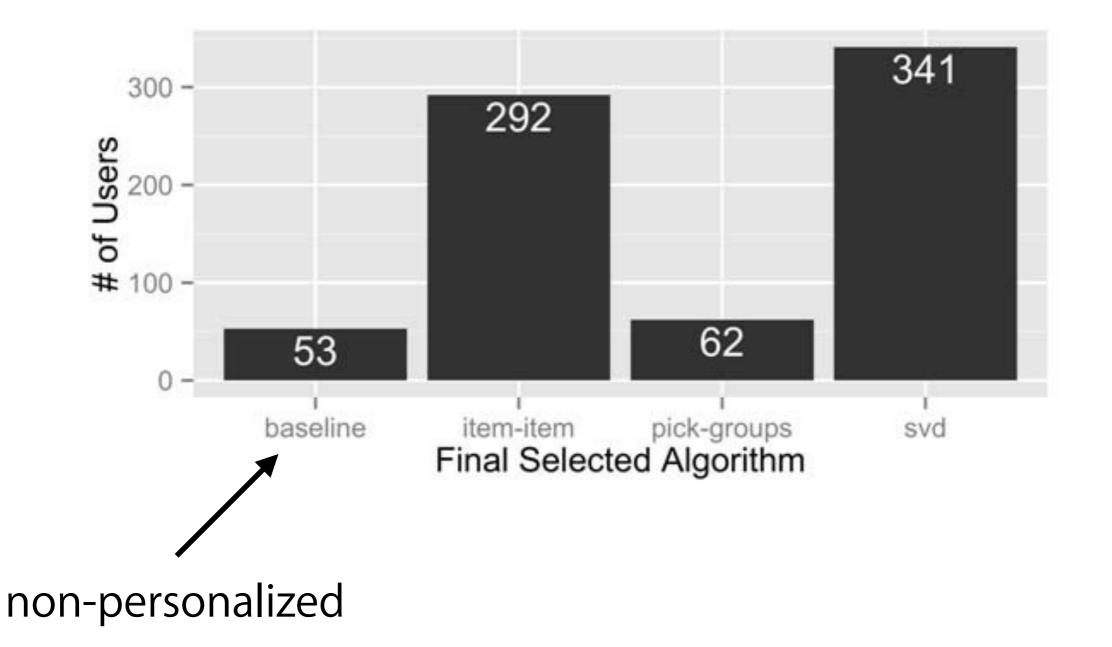
*Item-item* - item-item collaborative filterring

**SVD** - matrix factorisation recommender (FunkSVD algorithm)

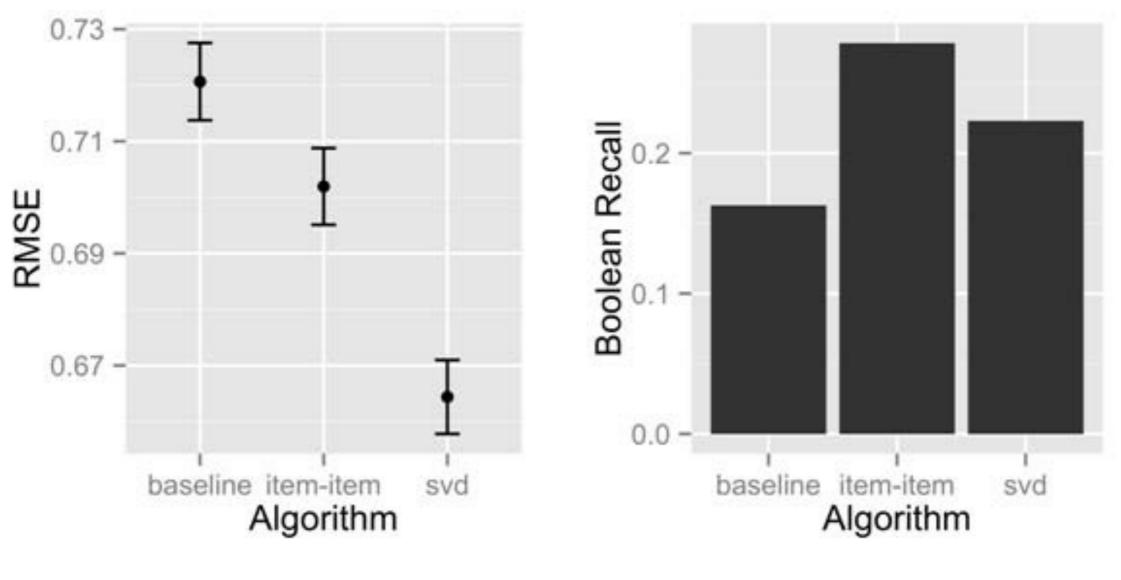
# **RESEARCH QUESTIONS**

- switching behaviour
- algorithm preference
- recommendation accuracy
- predicting user behaviour
- retention

# FINAL CHOICE OF SWITCHING



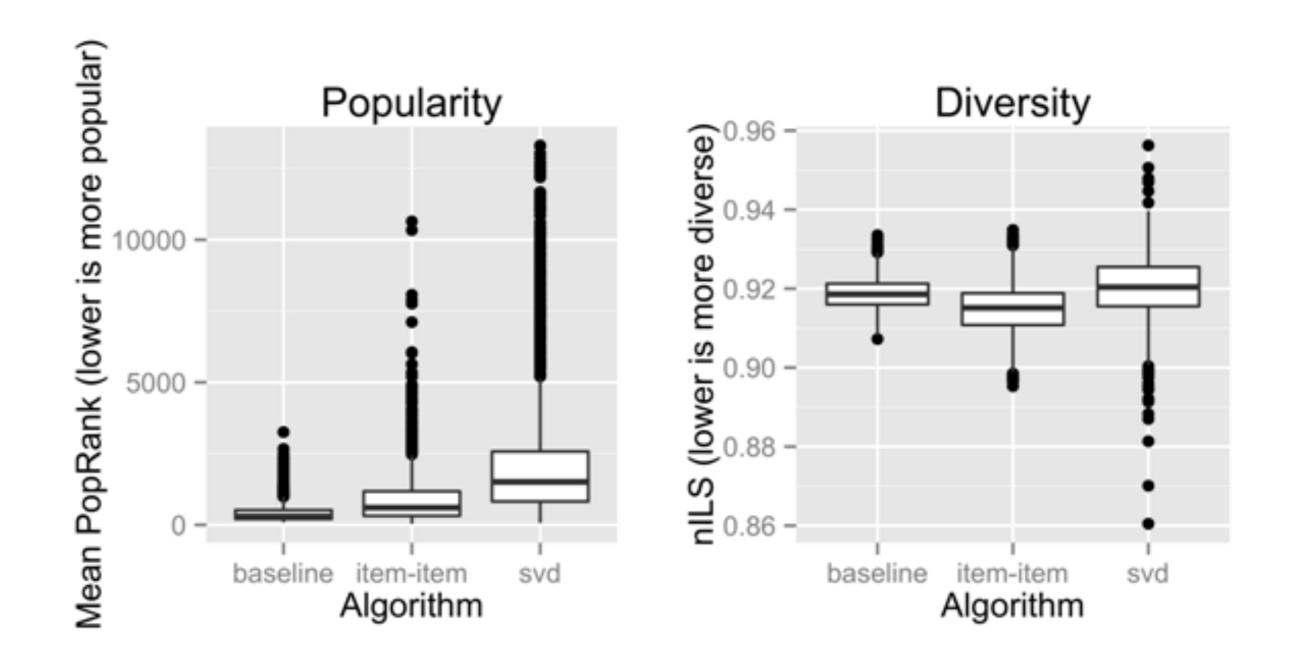
# **EVALUATION**





**Boolean Recall** = recommender returned at least 1 correct movie

# **POPULARITY VS. DIVERSITY**



# POPULARITY VS. DIVERSITY #2

They found that for users starting with the *baseline algorithm*, increased **diversity** in the list of recommendations **increased the likelihood** that they would **try another algorithm**.

Popularity or novelty may play a larger role in user preference than diversity.

# CONCLUSION

# Users who make use of the recommender switching control were more likely to come back to the site.

# DISCUSSION

How to choose **the right** recommender? Is accuracy enough?

Should we let **the user** make this decision?

Users were able to try out recommender only by selecting it and switching back. Could you *recommend* some better solution?

# SOURCES

(1) Michael D. Ekstrand, Daniel Kluver, F. Maxwell Harper, and Joseph A. Konstan. 2015. Letting Users Choose Recommender Algorithms: An Experimental Study. In Proceedings of the 9th ACM Conference on Recommender Systems (RecSys '15). ACM, New York, NY, USA, 11-18. DOI=<u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1145/2792838.2800195</u>